UNIVERSITE DE MOSTAGANEM

Mostaganem le : 06/10/2016

Epreuve : Anglais technique.

Option : Génie parasismique & Optimisation des structures,

Coef 1, durée 1H30

## Sujet n°1

•Read carefully the following text and answer to the given questions:

## Creep under sustained loading

It has been found by experiment that in most metals a slow, <u>progressive deformation</u> takes under conditions of <u>constant sustained stress</u>. This phenomenon is called CREEP; it occurs in most <u>structural materials</u> to some degree and is attributed to changes in the <u>internal</u> crystallographic <u>structure</u> of the material.

If a <u>tensile test</u> is carried out in the usual way, over a period of several minutes at a <u>constant room temperature</u>, a definite <u>ultimate stress</u> value can be measured. A similar test piece of the same material, however, may be made <u>to fail</u> at a much <u>lower stress</u> if the test is prolonged over a period of days or weeks.

In the case of <u>soft metals</u> (such as lead and zinc) and <u>timber</u>, a noticeable amount of creep will take place in a few hours at room temperature.

At normal temperatures, concrete shows a measurable tendency to creep over periodsof several years; this fact must be taken into consideration when designing <u>prestressed</u> concrete <u>members</u>.

For most <u>steels</u>, however, there appears to be a <u>limiting stress value</u>, corresponding to a particular temperature, below which the amount of creep that is likely to take place is negligible. The higher the ambient temperature the lower this limiting creep stress will be. For work at higher temperatures special alloy steels containing small amounts of chromium, molybdenum and vanadium have been developed which have very low creep rates.

- ► Give the equivalent of the underlined words in French. (06 pts)
- ▶ Define, from the text above, the phenomenon of creep. (02 pts)
- ► Give, from the above paragraph, an example of soft metal. (01 pt)
- ► Give an example of brittle material. (01 pt)
- ▶ Draw the stress- strain curve of both materials (02 pts)
- ► Translate into French the text given above. (08 pts)

I progressive deformation: déformation progressive - Constant Austained stress - Charge appliquée constante - Structural materials = Materiaux de structure -internal crystallographic structure = structure crystallographispue interne - lensile test: essai de traction - Constant room temperature; temperature ambiante - Ultimate 3 tress = Contrainte ultime - to fail = se rompre - lower stress; Contrainte plus petite contrainte -Soft metals; metaux doux - Timber 2 bois - Prestreved Concrete members = e/ements en B. Précontraint -limiting stress value, valeur de contrainte limite -Steels, A cues 2) A creep mong be defined, according to the text, as a progressive deformation which takes under conditions of constant sustained stress. (3) Example of soft metal; lead and zinc (4) " of brittle materials: Concrete\_Ceramics 3) Stress-Strain Curve / Soft material / brittle materials

· L'experience a montre que dons la flujout des matoux soumis à une Contrainte constante, une progressive deformation dans la flujont des materiaux de structure à un certain degré et est attribué au changement de la structure crystalle graphique auterne de materiau. I on pocedi à un essai de fraction, usuel, sur une Jendont pluseure minutes a rune temperature am brante Constante, une Contrainte ultime definie jeut être mesurée. Cefendant un test similaire sur le su materiair peut molume la rupture du materiae sul maist prolongé fendant plusteurs jours ou de maine sons une contrainte inférieure, si l'en ai et prolongé fendout phroueur Jours on Demaine Une quantité remarquable de fluage se produira pendant quilques heures, à une temperature ambiante dans le cas de metaux doux (plomb et Zinc) et bois. A de temperature ordinaires, le beton montreume tendance au fluege tendant our une geriade de plusieurs annés.

Ceci dort être pris en lons deration dans le élements en lector pré contraint. Cependant sour la plupart du acuers, une valeur de lombrainte limite apparent corres prodont arms temperature partachère sons laquelle le fluage et neglige + Just la temperature ambiante augmente, cette contrainte limite desfluage d'iminie. Pour de travaix à de temperature élevée, de alliage specion & contenant de sette glaantels de chrone, molybolete et vanadium out éle cleve lope et que ont un tans de fluoge tres bas